SAFETY DATA SHEET



Flammable Gas Mixture: C6+(Hexanes Plus) / Carbon Dioxide / Ethane / Isobutane / Isopentane / Methane / Methanol / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Nitrogen / Propane

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Flammable Gas Mixture: C6+(Hexanes Plus) / Carbon Dioxide / Ethane / Isobutane / Isopentane / Methane / Methanol / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Nitrogen / Propane
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Gas.
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
SDS #	: 026959
Supplier's details	: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
24-hour telephone	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable gas. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. May form explosive mixtures with air.
Precautionary statements	
General	: Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing gas.

Section 2. Hazards identification

CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.		
CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.Storage: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and		
CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.Storage: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect	Disposal	
CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.	Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.
Peopeneo	Response	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		
Product code	:	026959

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethane	1 - 96.749	74-84-0
methane	1 - 96.749	74-82-8
Propane	0.0001 - 95.749	74-98-6
N-Butane	1 - 10	106-97-8
isobutane	1 - 5	75-28-5
Nitrogen	0.0001 - 5	7727-37-9
n-pentane	0.0001 - 2.49	109-66-0
isopentane	0.0001 - 2	78-78-4
Carbon Dioxide	0.0001 - 1.99	124-38-9
C6+ (Hexanes plus)	0.25 - 0.9999	-
methanol	0.0001 - 0.0999	67-56-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
Large spill	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid release to the environment. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid exposure during pregnancy.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
ethane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
methane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen
Dronono	Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
Propane	TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 1000 mg/m 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
N-Butane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1900 flight 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	Explosive potential.
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
isobutane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	Explosive potential.
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Nitrogen	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant].
n-pentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). CEIL: 1800 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	CEIL: 610 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 350 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 120 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 2950 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	STEL: 2250 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 1000 mg/m 8 hours.
to an entre of	
isopentane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
Carbon Diavida	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Carbon Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen
	Depletion [Asphyxiant]. STEL: 54000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 34000 mg/m² 15 minutes.
	TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 9000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 5000 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 54000 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 30000 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 18000 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 10000 ppm 8 hours.
C6+ (Hexanes plus)	None.
methanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 mg/m 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
H	

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below a recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection meas		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	1
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection		

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Gas.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	 -138°C (-216.4°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: n-butane. Weighted average: -184.19°C (-299.5°F)
Boiling point	: Not available.
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: -146.95°C (-232.5°F) (nitrogen).
Flash point	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 2.1 (Air = 1) (n-butane). Weighted average: 1.13 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: Weighted average: 0.07
Relative density	: Not applicable.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
N-Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m ³	4 hours
n-pentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	364 g/m³	4 hours
isopentane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	280000 mg/m ³	4 hours
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 40 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Flammable Gas Mixture: C6+(Hexanes Plus) / Carbon Dioxide / Ethane / Isobutane / Isopentane / Methane / Methanol / N-Butane / N-Pentane / Nitrogen / Propane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-pentane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
isopentane	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
C6+ (Hexanes plus) methanol	Category 3 Category 1	-	Narcotic effects respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
C6+ (Hexanes plus)	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	 Adverse symptoms may include the following:, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	Not available.
Potential chronic health e	ffects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/14/2021 Date of previous issue : 5/9/2020 Version : 1.01

Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours	
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Danio rerio - Egg Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours 96 hours	

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethane	1.09	-	low
methane	1.09	-	low
Propane	1.09	-	low
N-Butane	2.89	-	low
isobutane	2.8	-	low
Nitrogen	0.67	-	low
n-pentane	3.45	171	low
isopentane	3	171	low
Carbon Dioxide	0.83	-	low
methanol	-0.77	<10	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	of this pro requireme regional lo via a licen the sewer Empty Air should be not feasib	ration of waste should be a duct, solutions and any by ents of environmental prote- ocal authority requirements sed waste disposal contra unless fully compliant with gas-owned pressure vesse recycled. Incineration or I le. This material and its co s or liners may retain some	products should at ction and waste dis . Dispose of surplu ctor. Waste should the requirements o els should be returne andfill should only b ontainer must be dis	all times comply posal legislation s and non-recyc not be disposed f all authorities ed to Airgas. W e considered wi posed of in a sa	y with the and any clable prod d of untrea with jurisc aste pack hen recyc afe way.	ducts ated to liction. kaging ling is Empty
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/14/2021	Date of previous issue	: 5/9/2020	Version	: 1.01	10/14

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954	UN1954
UN proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N. O.S. (ethane, propane)				
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

Additional information

TDG Classification	:	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Vessel Index Forbidden Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden
Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: N-Pentane
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: ethane; methane; propane; n-butane; Isobutane; N-Pentane; isopentane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	

Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA 311/312</u>	: Not applicable.
Classification	: Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.
State regulations	
Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: ETHANE; METHANE; MARSH GAS; PROPANE; BUTANE; ISOBUTANE; NITROGEN; NITROGEN (LIQUIFIED); PENTANE; ISOPENTANE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: ETHANE; METHANE; PROPANE; BUTANE; Isobutane; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; NITROGEN; PENTANE; ISOPENTANE; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: ETHANE; METHANE; PROPANE; BUTANE; PROPANE, 2-METHYL-; NITROGEN; PENTANE; BUTANE, 2-METHYL-

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Methanol	-	Yes.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: Not determined.				
Canada	: Not determined.				
China	: Not determined.				
Europe	: Not determin	ed.			
Japan	•	tory (ENCS): Not deter tory (ISHL): Not deterr			
New Zealand	: Not determin	ed.			
Philippines	: Not determin	ed.			
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.				
Taiwan	: Not determin	ed.			
Thailand	: Not determin	ed.			
Turkey	: Not determine	ed.			
United States	: Not determine	ed.			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/14/2021	Date of previous issue	: 5/9/2020	Version	:1.01

Section 15. Regulatory information

Viet Nam

: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification		
FLAMMABLE GASES - Cate GASES UNDER PRESSUR TOXIC TO REPRODUCTIO SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTI AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG	Calculation method On basis of test data Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment			
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	: 12/14/2021			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/14/2021			
Date of previous issue	: 5/9/2020			
Version	Version : 1.01			
Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973				

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Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.